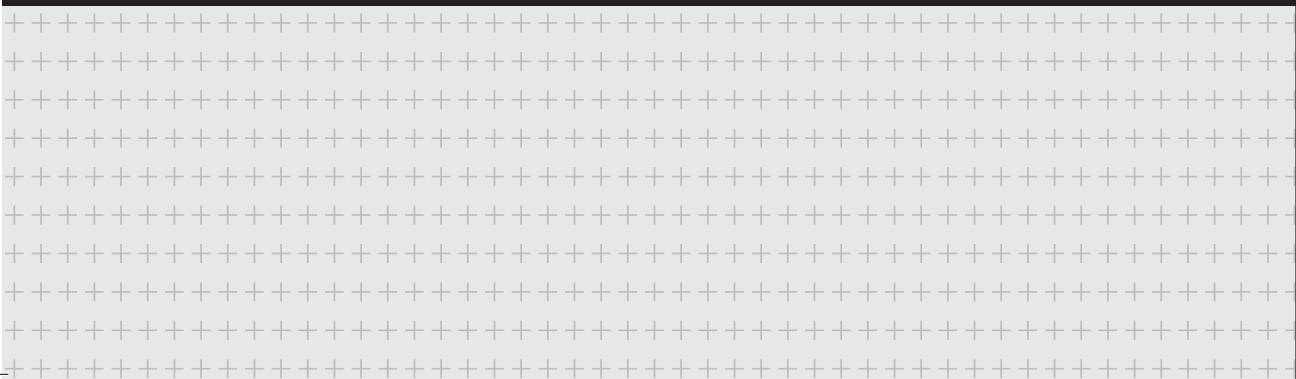




Unit [01] Who Hides, Slides,
and Hisses?



(Past) He/She did

- 'He/She did' is a past tense of 'He/She does'.

Example

He took the class yesterday.

He went to the movie theater.

He bought a present for his mother.

She wanted to have a necklace.

She cooked a delicious meal for him.

+ Change the sentence to past tense.

1. He wants a new bicycle. → _____
2. He eats popcorn in his room. → _____
3. He has a pet dog. → _____
4. He does work on Sunday. → _____
5. She buys some food. → _____
6. She goes to his house. → _____
7. She listens to her radio. → _____

+ Write the past tense of the verb given in the blank.

1. She _____ that she couldn't come. (say)
2. She _____ as loudly as she could. (scream)
3. She _____ word that she would be late. (send)
4. She _____ around when she heard the noise. (look)
5. He _____ to show that he agreed. (nod)
6. He _____ that he couldn't swim. (shout)
7. He _____ it clear that he objected. (make)
8. He _____ as hard as he could. (push)

Exercise

Choose three sentences from the answer and say them in 3 seconds to your teacher without your book.

Unit 01 Who Hides, Slides, and Hisses?

UNIT 01

Imagine a male snake. Where does he live? **He** probably **stayed** on land or near water and avoids cold places all year round. Snakes, as reptiles, are cold-blooded and have backbones. They have a remarkable ability to camouflage themselves in their surroundings and **regulate** their body temperature by moving to different places.

Snakes in colder places go into hibernation, finding spots where the temperature doesn't change much. In warmer places, **★they** are more active. Since snakes don't have legs, they move by sliding their belly against a surface.

As a snake grows, its skin stretches and sheds, revealing new skin and scales beneath. This process is called shedding, and snakes don't keep the same skin and scales they were born with.

Now, think about a female snake. Where did you think **she** **laid** her eggs? Most snakes lay their eggs in a safe place, while some mothers carry eggs in their bodies. In these cases, the eggs hatch inside their bodies, and the baby snakes come out!

Suppose a male snake successfully hunts prey. How does he hunt? Initially, he used his tongue to find prey, but **he** also **relied** on a unique body part that can sense heat. He follows the heat, like a dog following a smell. When he catches his meal, he swallows it **in its entirety**, as snakes can't chew. A snake's jaw is so big that it can swallow prey larger than its head!

Now that you've learned more about snakes, what do you think of them?

Unit 01

Vocabulary

▪ camouflage[v]	to hide by coloring or covering to look like the surroundings The lizard can camouflage and blend in with the leaves to hide from other animals.
▪ temperature[n]	degree of hotness or coldness measured on a scale Water boils at a temperature of 212°F.
▪ shed[v]	to cast off, take off, or let fall In autumn, trees shed their leaves, and the ground is covered with colorful foliage
▪ rely[v]	to trust or depend (usually followed by "on" or "upon") During the camping trip, we rely on the compass to show us the right direction in the woods.
▪ scale[n]	any of the thin plates of hard material that cover the skin of many fish and reptiles The beast was a dragon with green scales .
▪ hatch[v]	to break an egg so a baby animal can come out The bird hatched out the next day.
▪ sense[v]	to feel or be aware of something It works when it senses rain.
▪ prey[n]	an animal that is hunted and killed for food by another animal Baby fishes are easy preys for birds.
▪ swallow[v]	to make food, drink, etc. go down your throat onto your stomach I had a sore throat and it hurt to swallow .
▪ jaw[n]	the mouth and teeth of a person or an animal The dolphin has evolved a developed jaw .

Reading Comprehension

[1~3] Write T if statements are true or F if statements are false according to the passage.

1. Snakes belong to animals called reptiles. _____

2. Snakes cannot live in cold places. _____

3. Some of the eggs hatch in snakes' bodies. _____

[4~6] Choose the right word for the blank below.

Snakes 4. _____ themselves and control their body temperature by moving to places. They can survive by hibernating if the weather is cold. Instead of using legs, they move by pushing their 5. _____. As they grow, they shed their skin. They can swallow preys, which could be even larger than themselves, because they cannot 6. _____, so that they eat them as a whole.

4. a. survive
c. disguise

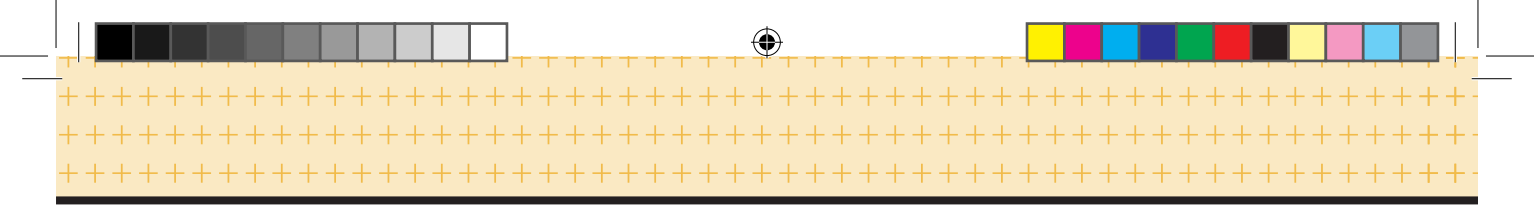
b. push
d. find

5. a. scales
c. arms

b. belly
d. nose

6. a. chew
c. eat

b. drink
d. vomit

- 
7. What is the passage mainly about?
- a. Habitats of reptiles
 - b. Predators of snakes
 - c. Animals that snakes eat
 - d. Features of snakes and their hunting
8. The word **regulate** in the passage is closest in meaning to
- a. keep
 - b. manage
 - c. avoid
 - d. lower
9. The phrase **in its entirety** in the passage is closest in meaning to
- a. rarely
 - b. partly
 - c. completely
 - d. never
10. All of the following are true EXCEPT:
- a. Snakes are cold-blooded and have backbones.
 - b. Snakes have the same skin and scales they are born in.
 - c. Snakes can lay eggs in their bodies.
 - d. Snakes use tongues to find their prey.
11. All of the following are false EXCEPT:
- a. Some snakes live near the water.
 - b. Snakes push their belly to move in the water.
 - c. Snakes chew the meal and swallow it.
 - d. A snake's jaw is big enough to swallow large preys.

12. What does ★they in paragraph 2 refer to?

- a. spaces
- b. snakes
- c. preys
- d. tongues

13. What can be inferred from the passage?

- a. A snake smells by sticking out its tongue.
- b. A snake will become less active in the cooler months.
- c. The snake is a symbol of wisdom.
- d. The world's longest animal is the snake.

14. According to the passage, what places do snakes prefer to live in?

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15. According to the passage, what happens if snakes lay eggs in their body?

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CHECK LIST ✓

Date: . .



Video Lecture

- Have you watched the video lecture at least 2 times before the class?
- Have you watched the video lecture after the class?



Vocabulary

- Did you study the vocabulary listed next to the reading passage?
- Did you review what you got wrong on this unit's test?



Grammar

- Have you understood the points of this unit's Grammar Exercise?
- Have you answered the questions on the Grammar Exercise?
- Please review what you got wrong. Did you understand why you got wrong?



Reading Comprehension

- Have you read the stories carefully?
- Have you answered all the questions on this unit's reading comprehension?
- Did you figure out all of the exact reasons (or supporting details) for each question's answers?
- Please review what you got wrong. Did you understand why you got wrong?

Teacher Signature

Parent Signature



MEMO

A large rectangular area with a light cream background and a grid of small orange plus signs. The area is divided into horizontal writing lines by dashed lines, with a solid line at the top and bottom of the writing area.

